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Subpart C—Requirements, Standards, and Payments for Direct Loan Program Schools

- 685.300 Agreements between an eligible school and the Secretary for participation in the Direct Loan Program.
- 685.301 Origination of a loan by a Direct Loan Program school.
- 685.302 Schedule requirements for courses of study by correspondence.
- 685.303 Processing loan proceeds.
- 685.304 Counseling borrowers.
- 685.305 Determining the date of a student's withdrawal.
- 685.306 Payment of a refund or return of title IV, HEA program funds to the Secretary.
- 685.307 Withdrawal procedure for schools participating in the Direct Loan Program.
- 685.308 Remedial actions.
- 685.309 Administrative and fiscal control and fund accounting requirements for schools participating in the Direct Loan Program.

Subpart D—School Participation and Loan Origination in the Direct Loan Program

- 685.400 School participation requirements.
- 685.401 [Reserved]
- 685.402 Criteria for schools to originate loans.

AUTHORITY: $20\,$ U.S.C. $1087a\,$ et seq., unless otherwise noted.

SOURCE: 59 FR 61690, Dec. 1, 1994, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—Purpose and Scope

§ 685.100 The William D. Ford Federal Direct Loan Program.

- (a) Under the William D. Ford Federal Direct Loan (Direct Loan) Program (formerly known as the Federal Direct Student Loan Program), the Secretary makes loans to enable a student or parent to pay the costs of the student's attendance at a postsecondary school. This part governs the Federal Direct Stafford/Ford Loan Program, the Federal Direct Unsubsidized Stafford/Ford Loan Program, and the Federal Direct Consolidation Loan Program. The Secretary makes loans under the following program components:
- (1) Federal Direct Stafford/Ford Loan Program (formerly known as the Federal Direct Stafford Loan Program), which provides loans to undergraduate,

graduate, and professional students. The Secretary subsidizes the interest while the borrower is in an in-school, grace, or deferment period.

- (2) Federal Direct Unsubsidized Stafford/Ford Loan Program (formerly known as the Federal Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loan Program), which provides loans to undergraduate, graduate and professional students. The borrower is responsible for the interest that accrues during any period.
- (3) Federal Direct PLUS Program, which provides loans to parents of dependent students. The borrower is responsible for the interest that accrues during any period.
- (4) Federal Direct Consolidation Loan Program, which provides loans to borrowers to consolidate certain Federal educational loans.
- (b) The Secretary makes a Direct Subsidized Loan, a Direct Unsubsidized Loan, or a Direct PLUS Loan only to a student or a parent of a student enrolled in a school that has been selected by the Secretary to participate in the Direct Loan Program.
- (c) The Secretary makes a Direct Consolidation Loan only to—
- (1) A borrower with a loan made under the Direct Loan Program; or
- (2) A borrower with a loan made under the Federal Family Education Loan Program who is not able to receive—
 - (i) A Federal Consolidation Loan; or
- (ii) A Federal Consolidation Loan with income-sensitive repayment terms that are satisfactory to the borrower

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1087a et seq.)

§ 685.101 Participation in the Direct Loan Program.

- (a)(1) Colleges, universities, graduate and professional schools, vocational schools, and proprietary schools selected by the Secretary may participate in the Direct Loan Program. Participation in the Direct Loan Program enables an eligible student or parent to obtain a loan to pay for the student's cost of attendance at the school.
- (2) The Secretary may permit a school to participate in both the Federal Family Education Loan (FFEL) Program, as defined in 34 CFR part 600, and the Direct Loan Program. A school

permitted to participate in both the FFEL Program and the Direct Loan Program may certify loan applications under the FFEL Program according to the terms of its agreement with the Secretary.

(b) An eligible student who is enrolled at a school participating in the Direct Loan Program may borrow under the Federal Direct Stafford/Ford Loan and Federal Direct Unsubsidized Stafford/Ford Loan Programs. An eligible parent of an eligible dependent student enrolled at a school participating in the Direct Loan Program may borrow under the Federal Direct PLUS Program.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1087a et seq.)

§ 685.102 Definitions.

(a)(1) The definitions of the following terms used in this part are set forth in subpart A of the Student Assistance General Provisions, 34 CFR part 668:

Academic year Campus-based programs Dependent student Disburse Eligible program Eligible student Enrolled Federal Consolidation Loan Program Federal Direct Student Loan Program (Direct Loan Program) Federal Pell Grant Program Federal Perkins Loan Program Federal PLUS Program Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant Program Federaľ Work-Study Program Independent student Leveraging Educational Assistance Partnership Program One-third of an academic year Parent Payment period State Two-thirds of an academic year U.S. citizen or national

(2) The following definitions are set forth in the regulations for Institutional Eligibility under the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, 34 CFR part 600:

Accredited Clock hour Educational program Eligible institution Federal Family Education Loan (FFEL) Program Institution of higher education Nationally recognized accrediting agency or association Preaccredited Program of study by correspondence Secretary

(3) The following definitions are set forth in the regulations for the Federal Family Education Loan (FFEL) Program, 34 CFR part 682:

Act
Endorser
Expected family contribution
Federal Insured Student Loan (FISL) Program
Federal Stafford Loan Program
Foreign school
Full-time student
Graduate or professional student
Guaranty agency
Holder
Legal guardian
Lender
Totally and permanently disabled
Undergraduate student

(b) The following definitions also apply to this part:

Alternative originator: An entity under contract with the Secretary that originates Direct Loans to students and parents of students who attend a Direct Loan Program school that does not originate loans.

Consortium: For purposes of this part, a consortium is a group of two or more schools that interacts with the Secretary in the same manner as other schools, except that the electronic communication between the Secretary and the schools is channeled through a single point. Each school in a consortium shall sign a Direct Loan Program participation agreement with the Secretary and be responsible for the information it supplies through the consortium.

Default: The failure of a borrower and endorser, if any, to make an installment payment when due, or to meet other terms of the promissory note, if the Secretary finds it reasonable to conclude that the borrower and endorser, if any, no longer intend to honor the obligation to repay, provided that this failure persists for 270 days.

Estimated financial assistance: (1) The estimated amount of assistance for a period of enrollment that a student (or